École nationale de police du Québec

2017 POLICE SPAT-ENPQ Preparatory Training Plan

February 27, 2017



2017 POLICE SPAT-ENPQ presentation

The standardized physical abilities test of the École nationale de police du Québec (SPAT-ENPQ) was designed to measure the candidates' physical abilities for the Basic Training Program in Police Patrolling (BTPPP). Passing this test constitutes one of the admission requirements of the program.

The SPAT-ENPQ is a timed circuit consisting of three laps made up of stations using the most required physical abilities during the BTPPP training activities that are deemed demanding. The circuit mainly exploits the capacity to deploy muscular power while engaging the aerobic system. Many of the motor tasks of the circuit require coordination, agility and a calibrated reaction time while making a proper decision. The sequence of the stations in the circuit allows reproducing, in terms of time and intensity of efforts, the intervals observed during the accomplishment of the BTPPP physically demanding tasks.

Objectives of the training plan

This training plan was developed to help the candidates prepare for the SPAT-ENPQ. It is merely a suggestion; the candidates can seek the help of a certified professional trainer to have a personalized training plan developed based on the one suggested. Also, if the equipment presented in this plan is not available at the facility where the candidate trains, other equivalent tasks can be used.

The training plan is a guide designed to help the candidate successfully complete the SPAT-ENPQ. This 12-week plan involves a two-phase progression to improve the physical abilities required to pass the test. Each phase will improve the following physical abilities:

- 1. **Muscle.** The objective of this component is to improve muscular strength. This is a progressive program in terms of muscle quality and intensity.
- 2. **Agility/coordination.** The objective of this component is to improve the agility and coordination of the lower and upper body.
- 3. **Cardiovascular.** The objective of this component is to improve the cardiovascular fitness in order to complete the test as fast as possible. This is an interval workout-oriented component.

Here is some information that will facilitate reading the suggested plan regarding the muscle component (free definitions):

- Week: indicates the progress from the first to the sixth week of training;
- Sets: indicates the number of repetitions in a row that must be completed;
- **Repetitions**: indicates the number of times the movement must be executed without stopping;
- **Tempo**: indicates the execution speed of a movement. For example, 2-0-2 means that the person takes two seconds to lift the load, does not rest at mid-point and takes two seconds to go back to the starting position;
- **Rest**: indicates the rest interval between sets. The "Super Set" workout means that the candidate executes one exercise right after the other without any rest interval in between.

Phase 1: initial phase (6 weeks – 3 days/week)

Muscular component (conditioning)¹

Exercise 1: Quadriceps					Exercise 2: Hamstrings						
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest
	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s		1	5	10	2-0-2	60s
R N	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s	A State	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s
	3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s		3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s
	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s		4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	5	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set	Ŵ	5	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set
U V	6	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set		6	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set
	Note						Note				

Exercise 3: Legs									
(Charles	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest				
	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
	5	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set				
<u>I I E M</u>	6	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set				
	Note								

Exercise 4: Calves									
цЫц	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest				
	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
	5	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set				
	6	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set				
	Note								

¹ The images used in the muscular component of Phase 1 and Phase 2 come from the Physigraphe software.

Muscular component (conditioning)

Exercise 1: Dorsal muscles (1)						Exercise 2: Dorsal Muscles (2)						
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest			Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest
TEI	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s		-keep back straight	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s
	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s		-head up	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s
wide	3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s			3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s
pronation	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s			4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s
grip	5	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set			5	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set
1	6	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set			6	3	8	1-0-1	Super Set
	Note	Us	sing an appar	atus with a	spotter			Note				

Exercise 3: Pectorals									
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest				
ENT	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
	5	3	8	1-0-1	75s				
	6	3	8	1-0-1	75s				
	Note								

Muscular component (conditioning)

Exercise 1: Shoulders					Exercise 2: Triceps						
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest
	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s	\$2. ♠	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s
1 Ballet	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s	(H) thumb	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s
	3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s		3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s
1 ALA	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s	\sum	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s
	5	3	8	1-0-1	Super set		5	3	8	1-0-1	Super set
	6	3	8	1-0-1	Super set		6	3	8	1-0-1	Super set
	Note						Note	Us	ing an appara	atus with a	a spotter

Exercise 3: Biceps									
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest				
supination on pulley	1	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	2	5	10	2-0-2	60s				
	3	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
\sum	4	3	6–8	2-0-2	90s				
I AS	5	3	8	1-0-1	75s				
	6	3	8	1-0-1	75s				
	Note								

Agility/coordination component (initial phase)

The candidate who is training must favour fluidity of execution rather than speed. When the task becomes easy to accomplish, the speed can be increased. Repeat each task three times per week.





Task: Going over an obstacle.

Goal: Increase the fluidity and speed of execution of the task.

Duration: Going over the obstacle 10 times, rest, and going over the obstacle 10 times.

Note: The obstacle over which the candidate must go during the workout can be of variable height. However, the SPAT-ENPQ requires that the candidate go over 1.06 m high walls.



Example

² The images presented in this document come from Clarks, M. A., Lucett, S. C. et Kirkendall, D. T. (2010). *NASM's Esssentials of Sports Performance Training*. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.





To view an example of Carioca movement, you can watch the following video: <u>www.youtube.com/watch?v=E6SKcfQBZIc</u>

Cardiovascular component (initial phase)

Repeat 3 times per week



Task: Interval running.

Goal: Increase the run duration and decrease the rest interval.

Duration: Variable according to the phase.

Zone 1	60 - 75% of (220 - age)	
Zone 2	75 – 85% of (220 – age)	
Zone 3	85 – 110% of (220 – age)	

Warm-up / Cool-down	Zone 1: Aerobic	Zone2: Anaerobic threshold	Zone 3: Peak interval
5 – 10 min			- 20 -
		30 s	30 \$
		1 30 s	30 s
	2 – 5 min		30 s
		30 s	30 s
		30 s	30 s
2 – 3 min			30 s

Phase 2: progressive phase (6 weeks – 3 days/week)

Muscular component (progression leading to explosive movements)

Exercise 1: Legs (1)									
(P =	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest				
	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s				
J' BO	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
squat	11	2	12	XXX	60s				
	12	2	12	XXX	60s				
	Note								

Exercise 2: Legs (2)									
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest				
Walk forward	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s				
	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
1 2971	11	2	12	XXX	60s				
BT BB	12	2	12	XXX	60s				
	Note		Do it as you walk						

Exercise 3: Legs (3)									
i.	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest				
	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s				
Contra la contra	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
2	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
or the	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s				
	11	2	12	XXX	60s				
	12	2	12	XXX	60s				
	Note								

Exercise 4: Legs (4)							
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		
	7	3	6		90s		
	8	3	10		60s		
	9	3	10		60s		
	10	3	10		60s		
	11	2	12		60s		
	12	2	12		60s		
	Note						

Muscular component (progression leading to explosive movements)

Exercise 1: Dorsal Muscles (1)							
-keep back straight	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		
-chest out -head up	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s		
Right	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
7ALNON	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	11	2	12	XXX	60s		
	12	2	12	XXX	60s		
	Note						

	Exercise 2: Dorsal Muscles (2)							
t		Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		
		7	3	6	3-0-3	90s		
		8	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
		9	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	► ₩	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	on pulley	11	2	12	XXX	60s		
	WIIII CODIe	12	2	12	XXX	60s		
		Note						

Exercise 3: Pectorals							
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		
A GPO GPA	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s		
GE OPT	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
ALL	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	11	2	12	XXX	60s		
	12	2	12	XXX	60s		
	Note						

Muscular component (progression leading to explosive movements)

	Exer	cise 1:	Shoulders		
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest
\sim	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s
Fall a	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s
	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s
	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s
∭ On	11	2	12	XXX	60s
	12	2	12	XXX	60s
	Note				

Exercise 2: Biceps							
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		
neutral to	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s		
supination	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
RAP	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	11	2	12	XXX	60s		
HAD	12	2	12	XXX	60s		
	Note		Do it as	you walk			

	E	Exer					
	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		W
CALL S	7	3	6	3-0-3	90s		
	8	3	10	2-0-2	60s	THAT	
	9	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
	10	3	10	2-0-2	60s		
<i>H</i>	11	2	12	ХХХ	60s		
2	12	2	12	ХХХ	60s	- B	
	Note						N

Exercise 4: Abdominal Muscles							
_	Week	Sets	Repetition	Tempo	Rest		
ð,	7	3	6		90s		
H and	8	3	10		60s		
	9	3	10		60s		
	10	3	10		60s		
	11	2	12		60s		
- B	12	2	12		60s		
	Note						

Agility/coordination component (progression phase)

Repeat each task 3 times per week





Task: Going over an obstacle with extra weight.

Goal: Increase the fluidity and speed of execution of the task.

Duration: Going over the obstacle 10 times, rest, and going over the obstacle 20 times.

Note: The obstacle over which the candidate must go during the workout can be of variable height. However, the SPAT-ENPQ requires that the candidate go over 1.06 m high walls.

The two previous tasks are the same tasks as in the initial phase except that they are performed with extra weight. During the SPAT-ENPQ, the candidate's physical abilities are evaluated while the candidate has an additional weight of 6 kg (15 pounds) on him.



Example 1



Example 2







To view an example of Carioca movement, you can watch the following video: <u>www.youtube.com/watch?v=E6SKcfQBZIc</u>

Cardiovascular component (progressive phase)



Goal: Increase the run duration and decrease the rest interval.

Duration: Variable according to the phase.

Zone 1	60 – 75% of (220 – age)	
Zone 2	75 – 85% of (220 – age)	
Zone 3	85 – 110% of (220 – age)	



Day	Warm-up / Cool-down	Zone 1: Aerobic	Zone2: Anaerobic threshold	Zone 3: Peak interval
1		30 – 60 min		
2	5 – 10 min		10 - 30 min	
2		1 min	10 – 50 min	
	5 – 10 min			
			30 s	30 s
			30 s	30 s
3		2 – 5 min		30 s
			30 s	30 s
			30 s	30 s
	2 – 3 min			003